

## **Trends and Innovations in Health Behavior Change Interventions**

Alireza. Tarkhan<sup>1\*</sup><sup>(1)</sup>, Ebrahim. Shabani<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Faculty of Sport Sciences and Health, University of Tehran, Tehran, Iran
<sup>2</sup> Department of Sport Sciences, Faculty of Social Sciences, Imam Khomeini International University, Qazvin, Iran

\* Corresponding author email address: Alireza.tarkhan@ut.ac.ir

#### Article Info

Article type:

Review Article

#### How to cite this article:

Tarkhan, A., & Shabani, E. (2023). Trends and Innovations in Health Behavior Change Interventions. *Health Nexus*, *1*(3), 70-76. https://doi.org/10.61838/kman.hn.1.3.10



© 2023 the authors. Published by KMAN Publication Inc. (KMANPUB), Ontario, Canada. This is an open access article under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International (CC BY-NC 4.0) License.

#### ABSTRACT

This review article provides a comprehensive examination of the evolving landscape of health behavior change interventions from 2000 to 2023. It synthesizes key trends, innovations, and theoretical advancements in the field, highlighting the shift towards technology-enabled interventions and personalized approaches. The methodology involved a systematic literature search across major databases, focusing on peerreviewed articles and systematic reviews that met specific inclusion criteria. The review identifies significant developments in digital health interventions, such as the use of mobile health applications, wearables, and artificial intelligence, and discusses how these technologies integrate with traditional behavior change theories. It also explores interdisciplinary approaches combining psychology, technology, and medicine, offering insights into their effectiveness and challenges. The article further addresses the barriers to implementation, ethical considerations, and the future trajectory of health behavior change interventions, emphasizing the need for scalable, evidence-based strategies. This review aims to inform practitioners, policymakers, and researchers about the current state and future potential of interventions in health behavior modification, underlining the importance of innovation in public health strategies.

Keywords: Trends, Innovations, Health, Behavior Change, Intervention.

#### 1. Introduction

Health behavior change interventions have become a pivotal aspect of modern healthcare, addressing a wide range of public health challenges. These interventions are designed to modify individual behaviors that are directly linked to health outcomes, such as diet, physical activity, and substance use (1). In the current era, characterized by an increasing prevalence of chronic diseases and a heightened focus on cost-effective healthcare solutions, the importance of these interventions has intensified.

The foundation of health behavior change interventions lies in various psychological and behavioral theories.

Historically, these interventions have evolved from straightforward information dissemination to more sophisticated, individualized approaches. This evolution is grounded in theories such as the Health Belief Model and the Transtheoretical Model, which emphasize individual perceptions and stages of change, respectively (1, 2).

Today's health behavior change interventions are being reshaped by technological advancements and the emerging trend of personalized medicine. Digital tools like mobile health applications and wearables are revolutionizing the way these interventions are delivered, offering personalized and scalable solutions. This shift is particularly crucial in addressing global health challenges like the obesity epidemic, mental health issues, and chronic disease management (3).

This review aims to comprehensively explore the trends and innovations in health behavior change interventions. It will delve into the historical context, examine current trends, and speculate on future directions. Additionally, the review will address the challenges and limitations of present-day approaches and offer insights for practitioners and policymakers.

#### 2. Methods and Materials

To ensure a comprehensive review of trends and innovations in health behavior change interventions, a systematic literature search was conducted. The following electronic databases were utilized: PubMed, PsycINFO, Web of Science, and Google Scholar. The search was limited to articles published in English between 2014 and 2023 to capture the most recent two decades of development in this field.

## 2.1. Data Collection

The search strategy combined keywords and phrases related to health behavior change, interventions, and innovations. Examples of search terms included: "health behavior change," "behavioral intervention," "digital health intervention," "mHealth," "eHealth," "health innovation," "behavior change techniques," and "public health strategies." Boolean operators (AND, OR) were used to refine the search.

The review focused on literature published within the last ten years, from 2000 to 2023, to provide the most current insights into the application of cognitive psychology in sports. Seminal works predating this period were also considered for their foundational value and historical perspective.

Studies were included if they:

- Were peer-reviewed articles or systematic reviews.
- Focused on health behavior change interventions.
- Discussed innovative approaches or trends in the field.
- Provided empirical data or theoretical insights into intervention effectiveness.

Studies were Excluded were:

- Non-peer-reviewed articles and editorials.
- Studies focusing solely on clinical interventions without a behavioral change component.
- Articles not in English.

To ensure the credibility of the included studies, a quality assessment was conducted using standardized checklists appropriate for each study design (e.g., CONSORT for randomized controlled trials, STROBE for observational studies). Studies that did not meet a minimum quality threshold were excluded from the review.

## 2.2. Data Analysis

Relevant data extracted from the selected articles included the authors, year of publication, study design, intervention type, key findings, and theoretical frameworks used. This information was synthesized to identify prevailing trends, innovations, and gaps in the current literature. The synthesis involved both thematic analysis to identify common themes and narrative analysis to understand the evolution and context of these interventions.

# 3. Historical Context of Health Behavior Change Interventions

## 3.1. The Genesis and Evolution of Health Behavior Change Theories

The journey of health behavior change interventions is a rich tapestry woven with evolving theories and practices. Initially, these interventions were primarily educational, focusing on disseminating information about health risks and the benefits of healthy behaviors. The mid-20th century witnessed a significant shift with the introduction of structured theories and models. The Health Belief Model (HBM), developed in the 1950s, posited that a person's belief in a personal threat of an illness, coupled with their belief in the effectiveness of the recommended health behavior, would predict the likelihood of adopting the behavior. The 1970s and 1980s saw the development of the Transtheoretical Model (TTM), introducing the concept of stages of change and influencing various health domains, including smoking cessation and dietary habits (4).

#### 3.2. Key Milestones in Health Behavior Change

The 1990s and early 2000s marked a period of expansion and diversification in health behavior change interventions. New theories, such as the Theory of Planned Behavior and Social Cognitive Theory, provided a more comprehensive understanding of the interplay between individual beliefs, social influences, and behavioral intentions. This period also recognized the need for tailored interventions considering



individual differences and cultural contexts, leading to more personalized approaches (5).

#### 3.3. The Digital Revolution in Health Behavior Change

The advent of the digital age marked a transformative period in health behavior change interventions. The proliferation of the internet and mobile technologies opened new avenues for delivering interventions. Digital platforms enabled the dissemination of health information and behavior change strategies to a broader audience, offering interactive and personalized ways to engage individuals in health behavior change (6).

#### 3.4. Integration with Public Health Policies

Concurrently, there was a growing integration of health behavior change interventions with public health policies. Governments and health organizations began to recognize the potential of these interventions in addressing public health challenges, such as chronic diseases and health disparities. This period saw the development of national and global health campaigns and programs that leveraged behavior change theories and models to promote healthy lifestyles and prevent diseases (7).

## 4. Current Trends in Health Behavior Change Interventions

#### 4.1. Dominant Theories and Models in Contemporary Health Behavior Change

The landscape of health behavior change interventions is continually evolving, with current trends being shaped by a blend of established and emerging theories. The Health Belief Model (HBM) and the Transtheoretical Model (TTM) continue to be influential, providing a framework for understanding the stages of behavior change and the factors influencing individual decisions. Additionally, the Social Cognitive Theory, emphasizing the role of observational learning, self-efficacy, and social influences, remains relevant in designing and implementing behavior change interventions. These models collectively underscore the complexity of health behavior change, recognizing the interplay of personal, behavioral, and environmental factors (4).

## 4.2. The Rise of Digital Interventions and Personalized Medicine

Digital interventions have become a cornerstone of modern health behavior change strategies. The proliferation of mobile health (mHealth) applications and online platforms has revolutionized the way health information is delivered and personalized. These digital tools offer tailored health messages and interventions, making them more relevant and effective for individual users. Personalized medicine, leveraging genetic and biometric data, has also begun to influence health behavior change interventions, allowing for more precise and individualized treatment plans (8).

#### 4.3. The Role of Technology in Health Behavior Change

Technology, particularly mobile health, wearables, and artificial intelligence (AI), plays a pivotal role in current health behavior change interventions. Wearable devices track physical activity, sleep patterns, and other health metrics, providing users with real-time feedback and personalized insights. AI and machine learning algorithms analyze vast amounts of health data, identifying patterns and predicting health outcomes, thereby informing intervention strategies. These technologies not only enhance the personalization of health interventions but also improve their scalability and accessibility (9).

#### 4.4. Integration with Public Health Policies

Current health behavior change interventions are increasingly integrated with public health policies. Governments and health organizations are leveraging digital platforms and technologies to promote healthy behaviors and prevent diseases on a larger scale. Public health campaigns now often include digital components, such as social media outreach and mobile apps, to reach wider audiences. This integration signifies a shift towards more proactive and preventive approaches in public health, emphasizing the importance of behavior change in maintaining population health (10).

The current trends in health behavior change interventions reflect a dynamic and multifaceted field. The integration of traditional theories with innovative digital tools and technologies has led to more personalized, effective, and accessible health interventions. As these trends continue to evolve, they hold the promise of



significantly impacting public health outcomes and individual health behaviors.

#### 5. Innovations and Emerging Approaches in Health Behavior Change Interventions

## 5.1. Cutting-Edge Research and Novel Interventions

Recent advancements in health behavior change interventions are characterized by innovative research and novel approaches. One such area is the use of continuous passive assessment technology, which offers a unique approach to monitoring behavior and health markers, particularly in older adults. This technology is instrumental in understanding patterns preceding and following significant health events, such as a cancer diagnosis, providing insights into how health behaviors evolve over time (11).

## 5.2. Interdisciplinary Approaches: Merging Psychology, Technology, and Medicine

Interdisciplinary approaches are at the forefront of current innovations in health behavior change. These approaches combine insights from psychology, technology, and medicine to create more holistic and effective interventions. For example, the implementation of collaborative care models in community health centers for treating depression and anxiety showcases the successful integration of interdisciplinary relationships and elements that facilitate broader implementation (12).

## 5.3. Case Studies of Innovative Practices

Case studies provide valuable insights into the practical application of these innovative approaches. The UPMC Prescription for Wellness program is a notable example, where Lean Six Sigma was used in a quality improvement effort to design an effective method for physicians to prescribe health coaching for healthy behaviors within a primary care medical home. This case study demonstrates the potential of structured quality improvement methodologies in enhancing health behavior change interventions (13).

## 5.4. Preliminary Outcomes and Findings

Preliminary outcomes from these innovative interventions are promising. For instance, the use of artificial intelligence (AI) chatbots to promote physical activity and a healthy diet is gaining traction. These chatbots, designed based on behavior change models, show potential in improving relational and persuasive capacities to change health behaviors. The interdisciplinary work in developing AI techniques is crucial for enhancing the effectiveness of these interventions, with strong ethical principles (14).

## 5.5. Continuous Time Markov Chain Approaches

Another emerging approach is the application of continuous time Markov chain models to analyze transtheoretical models of health behavioral change. These models offer more accurate point and interval estimates, especially in complex scenarios, providing a robust framework for understanding and predicting health behavior changes (15).

The field of health behavior change interventions is witnessing a surge in innovative research and novel approaches. The integration of interdisciplinary methods, the application of advanced technologies like AI and continuous passive assessment, and the implementation of quality improvement methodologies in real-world settings are shaping the future of health behavior change interventions. These emerging trends and approaches not only enhance the effectiveness of interventions but also offer new avenues for research and practice in the field.

#### 6. Challenges and Limitations in Health Behavior Change Interventions

#### 6.1. Barriers in Implementation and Scalability

One of the primary challenges in health behavior change interventions is the difficulty in implementation and scalability. While innovative approaches show promise in controlled settings, translating these interventions into broader, real-world applications often encounters significant barriers. These include logistical challenges, resource limitations, and varying levels of engagement and adherence among different populations. For instance. the implementation of collaborative care models in community health centers has highlighted the complexity of interdisciplinary relationships and the need for specific elements that facilitate broader implementation (16).

#### 6.2. Ethical Considerations and Challenges

Ethical considerations in health behavior change interventions are increasingly coming to the fore, especially with the integration of AI and digital technologies. Issues such as data privacy, informed consent, and the potential for



Health Nexus

unintended bias in AI algorithms present ethical dilemmas. Nursing ethical considerations in AI-based technologies, for example, require careful examination based on the principles of biomedical ethics and the nursing code of ethics (17). Ensuring that these interventions are ethically sound and respect the rights and privacy of individuals is paramount.

#### 6.3. Limitations in Current Research and Practice

Current research and practice in health behavior change interventions also face several limitations. These include a lack of long-term follow-up studies to assess the sustainability of behavior changes, challenges in measuring the effectiveness of interventions across diverse populations, and the need for more comprehensive models that can account for the complex interplay of individual, social, and environmental factors. Additionally, there is a need for more interdisciplinary work to develop AI techniques that improve chatbots' relational and persuasive capacities to change health behaviors (14).

The field of health behavior change interventions is confronted with various challenges and limitations that need to be addressed to enhance the effectiveness and scalability of these interventions. Overcoming implementation barriers, addressing ethical concerns, and filling the gaps in current research and practice are crucial steps towards advancing this field. As the landscape of health behavior change continues to evolve, addressing these challenges will be key to realizing the full potential of these interventions.

## 7. Future Directions in Health Behavior Change Interventions

#### 7.1. Potential Areas for Future Research

The future of health behavior change interventions is poised for significant advancements, with several potential areas for research. One key area is the development of Context-Aware Sleep Health Recommender Systems (CASHRS), which focus on personalized recommendations based on contextual information and behavior change techniques. Research in this area could lead to more effective interventions for sleep-related health issues (18).Additionally, exploring psychological and nonpsychological barriers to consumer compliance with security standards in cloud services can provide insights into how to engage consumers more effectively in security behavior change (19).

#### 7.2. Emerging Technologies and Their Impact

Emerging technologies, such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, and digital platforms, are expected to have a profound impact on health behavior change interventions. Digital interventions, including online education, social media support groups, and gamified interventions, are areas that warrant further exploration. The integration of ambient and wearable sensors into these interventions could enhance their effectiveness and user engagement (20).

## 7.3. Predictions for the Evolution of Health Behavior Change Interventions

Health behavior change interventions are predicted to become more integrated, personalized, and technologydriven. The COVID-19 pandemic has already accelerated the digital transformation in various sectors, including health, and this trend is expected to continue. E-commerce and digital service transformations, triggered by health and safety concerns, provide a model for how health behavior change interventions might evolve in response to global challenges (12).

#### 7.4. Recommendations for Practitioners and Policymakers

For practitioners and policymakers, it is crucial to stay abreast of these emerging trends and technologies. Developing and evaluating digital interventions to promote behavior change in health and healthcare should focus on what constitutes "effective engagement" for each intervention, ensuring that they are tailored to achieve the intended outcomes (21). Additionally, recommendations from international workshops and expert panels can provide valuable guidance for implementing these interventions effectively.

The future of health behavior change interventions is marked by exciting possibilities and challenges. As the field continues to evolve, driven by technological advancements and emerging research areas, it is imperative for practitioners and policymakers to adapt and innovate. By embracing these changes and focusing on effective engagement and personalization, the potential for significant improvements in public health outcomes is immense.

## 8. Conclusion

The exploration of health behavior change interventions reveals a dynamic and evolving field, marked by significant



Health Nexus

advancements and challenges. Key findings from this review highlight the transition from traditional models like the Health Belief Model and the Transtheoretical Model to more integrated, technology-driven approaches. The rise of digital interventions, personalized medicine, and the use of emerging technologies such as AI and wearable sensors represent a paradigm shift in how health behavior change is approached and implemented.

Innovative practices, including interdisciplinary approaches that merge psychology, technology, and medicine, have shown promising results in enhancing the effectiveness of interventions. Case studies, such as the implementation of collaborative care models and quality improvement initiatives like the UPMC Prescription for Wellness program, demonstrate the practical application and potential of these innovative strategies.

However, the field also faces significant challenges, including barriers in implementation and scalability, ethical considerations, especially in the use of AI and digital data, and limitations in current research and practice. Addressing these challenges is crucial for the advancement of health behavior change interventions.

The importance of health behavior change interventions cannot be overstated. These interventions play a critical role in addressing a wide range of public health issues, from chronic diseases and mental health disorders to preventive health behaviors and pandemic responses. The integration of these interventions with public health policies and the increasing reliance on technology and personalized approaches underscore their significance in contemporary healthcare and public health.

Looking to the future, health behavior change interventions are poised for transformative growth. The continued integration of technology, the potential of AI and machine learning, and the development of more personalized and context-aware interventions suggest a future where health behavior change strategies are more effective, accessible, and tailored to individual needs.

Emerging research areas, such as the application of continuous passive assessment technology and the exploration of psychological barriers in consumer engagement, offer exciting avenues for future exploration. The impact of global challenges, like the COVID-19 pandemic, has accelerated the digital transformation in health behavior change, indicating a trend that is likely to continue.

For practitioners and policymakers, the future calls for adaptability, innovation, and a commitment to addressing the ethical and practical challenges that arise. The recommendations and insights from international workshops and expert panels will be invaluable in guiding the development and implementation of effective interventions.

In conclusion, the field of health behavior change interventions stands at a pivotal point, with immense opportunities for impact and improvement. By embracing technological advancements, addressing challenges headon, and focusing on effective engagement and personalization, the potential for significant improvements in public health outcomes is immense. The future of health behavior change interventions is bright, promising a more integrated, effective, and personalized approach to improving health behaviors and outcomes.

## **Authors' Contributions**

Alireza Tarkhan and Ebrahim Shabani both contributed equally to the conception, design, and execution of the review article. They jointly conducted the systematic literature search, identified relevant articles, and extracted key information from the selected studies. Both authors collaborated on the analysis and synthesis of the findings, as well as the interpretation of trends and innovations in health behavior change interventions. They shared responsibility for drafting and revising the manuscript, including the introduction, methodology, results, and discussion sections. Both authors critically reviewed and edited the final version of the article before submission.

## Declaration

In order to correct and improve the academic writing of our paper, we have used the language model ChatGPT.

#### **Transparency Statement**

Data are available for research purposes upon reasonable request to the corresponding author.

#### Acknowledgments

We would like to express our gratitude to all individuals helped us to do the project.

#### **Declaration of Interest**

The authors report no conflict of interest.





#### Funding

According to the authors, this article has no financial support.

#### **Ethics Considerations**

As this review did not involve primary data collection from human participants, ethical approval was not required. However, all reviewed studies were assessed for their ethical standards and adherence to research ethics guidelines.

#### References

 Alcántara C, Diaz SV, Cosenzo LG, Loucks EB, Penedo FJ, Williams NJ. Social determinants as moderators of the effectiveness of health behavior change interventions: scientific gaps and opportunities. Health Psychol Rev. 2020;14(1):132-44. [PMID: 31957557] [DOI]
 Prochaska JO, Velicer WF. The transtheoretical model of health behavior change. Am J Health Promot. 1997;12(1):38-48. [PMID: 10170434] [DOI]

3. Maher CA, Lewis LK, Ferrar K, Marshall S, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Vandelanotte C. Are health behavior change interventions that use online social networks effective? A systematic review. J Med Internet Res. 2014;16(2):e40. [PMID: 24550083] [PMCID: PMC3936265] [DOI]

 Knowlden AP. Models and theories of behavior change relevant to sleep health. Sleep and health: Elsevier; 2019. p. 171-86. [DOI]
 Nieuwenhuijsen ER, Zemper E, Miner KR, Epstein M. Health behavior change models and theories: contributions to rehabilitation. Disabil Rehabil. 2006;28(5):245-56. [PMID: 16492619] [DOI]

6. Tomczyk S, Barth S, Schmidt S, Muehlan H. Utilizing Health Behavior Change and Technology Acceptance Models to Predict the Adoption of COVID-19 Contact Tracing Apps: Cross-sectional Survey Study. J Med Internet Res. 2021;23(5):e25447. [PMID: 33882016] [PMCID: PMC8136409] [DOI]

7. Sørensen JB, Lee KSK, Dawson A, Dawson A, Senarathna L, Pushpakumara P, et al. Evaluating the programme and behavior change theories of a community alcohol education intervention in rural Sri Lanka: a study protocol. Glob Health Action. 2023;16(1):2273625. [PMID: 37971492] [PMCID: PMC10795635] [DOI]

8. Tufano JT, Karras BT. Mobile eHealth interventions for obesity: a timely opportunity to leverage convergence trends. J Med Internet Res. 2005;7(5):e58. [PMID: 16403722] [PMCID: PMC1550687] [DOI]

9. Ayers JW, Althouse BM, Dredze M. Could behavioral medicine lead the web data revolution? Jama. 2014;311(14):1399-400. [PMID: 24577162] [PMCID: PMC4670613] [DOI]

10. Koinig I, Diehl S, Weder F. Health Communication: A Discussion of North American and European Views on Sustainable Health in the Digital Age. In: Servaes J, editor. Handbook of Communication for Development and Social Change. Singapore: Springer Singapore; 2018. p. 1-23. [DOI]

11. Wu CY, Tibbitts D, Beattie Z, Dodge H, Shannon J, Kaye J, Winters-Stone K. Using Continuous Passive Assessment Technology to Describe Health and Behavior Patterns Preceding and Following a Cancer Diagnosis in Older Adults: Proof-of-Concept Case Series Study. JMIR Form Res. 2023;7:e45693. [PMID: 37561574] [PMCID: PMC10450537] [DOI]

12. Nguyen J, Le QV, Ha JT. Impacts of Health and Safety Concerns on E-Commerce and Service Reconfiguration During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Insights from an Emerging Economy. Service Science. 2021;13(4):227-42. [DOI]

13. Maners RJ, Bakow E, Parkinson MD, Fischer GS, Camp GR. UPMC Prescription for Wellness: A Quality Improvement Case Study for Supporting Patient Engagement and Health Behavior Change. Am J Med Qual. 2018;33(3):274-82. [PMID: 29144156] [DOI]

14. Zhang J, Oh YJ, Lange P, Yu Z, Fukuoka Y. Artificial Intelligence Chatbot Behavior Change Model for Designing Artificial Intelligence Chatbots to Promote Physical Activity and a Healthy Diet: Viewpoint. J Med Internet Res. 2020;22(9):e22845. [PMID: 32996892] [PMCID: PMC7557439] [DOI]

15. Ma J, Chan W, Tilley BC. Continuous time Markov chain approaches for analyzing transtheoretical models of health behavioral change: A case study and comparison of model estimations. Stat Methods Med Res. 2018;27(2):593-607. [PMID: 27048681] [PMCID: PMC5329136] [DOI]

16. Eghaneyan BH, Sanchez K, Mitschke DB. Implementation of a collaborative care model for the treatment of depression and anxiety in a community health center: results from a qualitative case study. J Multidiscip Healthc. 2014;7:503-13. [PMID: 25395860] [PMCID: PMC4226460] [DOI]

17. Kim M, Hong B. Nursing Ethical Considerations in the AI-Based Technologies. Robotics & AI Ethics. 2022;7(2):10-21. [DOI]

Liang Z. Context-Aware Sleep Health Recommender Systems (CASHRS): A Narrative Review. Electronics. 2022;11(20):3384.

19. Akello P, Akanfe O. Information Security in Non-Corporate Cloud Services: The Challenge of Engaging Consumers in Security Behavior Change. 2019.

20. Messer D, Shanholtz CE, Chowdhury A. Digital Behavior Change Interventions. In: Yan Z, editor. Analyzing Human Behavior in Cyberspace. Hershey, PA, USA: IGI Global; 2019. p. 124-38. [DOI]

21. Michie S, Yardley L, West R, Patrick K, Greaves F. Developing and Evaluating Digital Interventions to Promote Behavior Change in Health and Health Care: Recommendations Resulting From an International Workshop. J Med Internet Res. 2017;19(6):e232. [PMID: 28663162] [PMCID: PMC5509948] [DOI]

